Understanding and Preventing Workplace Violence



Alameda County Health Care Services Agency

Why WPVP Training?

Raise awareness
Understand County Policy
Recognize warning signs
Steps to prevent incidents
Resources for responding to WPV
Allay fears of WPV

WPV Background

Leading cause of workplace death for women
 2nd leading cause of death for men

- Costs employers \$4.2 billion/year
- 1,000-1,100 deaths/year since 1995
- I of 6 fatal injuries from WPV
- Weekly at work: 20 murders, 18,000 assaults
- CDC: epidemic
- Over half WPV incidents not reported

Workplace Violence Incidents





Workplace Violence: Recognizing and Defusing Aggressive Behavior

What is Workplace Violence?

 Threats and/or acts of violence committed in the workplace

 Intention to hurt, punish, intimidate

 Violence: intentional force causing

 Physical injury
 Mental/emotional harm

Workplace Violence Situations

 Threatens employee safety
 Impacts employee's physical or psychological well-being
 Damages County property

3 Types of Perpetrator

• Type 1: No relationship to workplace

• Type 2: Services to/from workplace

Type 3: Employee, former employee, family member

3 Levels of Violence

• Level A, B, C

Levels increase in severity

From "rudeness" to injury

Examples of Level A

- Refusal to cooperate with immediate supervisor to a reasonable work request
- Spreading rumors and gossip to harm others
- Consistently arguing with or badgering co-workers
- Belligerence toward customers or co-workers
- Constantly swearing at others
- Making unwanted sexual comments
- Sudden or gradual change in behavior

Examples of Level B

- Arguments with customers, vendors, co-workers and management
- Refusal to obey policies and procedures
- Sabotaging equipment and stealing property for revenge
- Verbalizing wishes to hurt co-workers and/or management
- Sending sexual, violent or weird notes to coworkers and/or management
- Stalking/Physical confrontations
- Intimidating behaviors

Examples of Level C

Suicide threats

Physical fights

Destruction of property

Committing murder, sexual or physical assault, and/or arson.

Workplace Violence Initiators



Lay-off Termination Conflict with coworker or supervisor Disciplinary action Job stress Financial problems Alcohol or drug issues

- Harassment
- Racial, ethnic,
 - cultural, gender of lifestyle conflicts
- Domestic disputes
- Family problems
- Loss of status/pay/prestige

Warning Signs

- History of violence
- Mental illness
- Romantic obsession
- Chemical dependency
- Frustration over circumstances

Pathological blaming
 Absence of emotional control
 Interest in weapons
 Threats of violence

Counterproductive Responses

- Threat information is not reported
- Reported information is minimized
- Failure to assume responsibility for resolution
- Relying on incorrect information

- Hasty discipline or termination
- Fear motivated accommodation
- Over-involvement
- Lack of multidisciplinary collaboration

Reacting to Potentially Violent Situations

- Assess your personal feelings about the person.
- Describe the person's behavior.
- Assess how the behavior affects you.
- Determine your need for assistance in handling the problem.

Workplace Violence Prevention

10 minute break

WORKPLACE VIOLENCE CASE STUDIES

WPV Case Studies

Case #1:

- Administrative Assistant & Custodian
- Case #2:
 - Argumentative Co-worker
- Case #3:
 - Co-worker with emotional instability
- Case #4:
 - Abused Co-worker

Conflict Resolution: Angry or Hostile Customer or Coworker Stay calm; listen attentively. Maintain eye contact Be courteous. Be patient. Keep the situation in your control. Report the situation to your supervisor as soon as you can.

Conflict Resolution: Person Shouting, Swearing, and/or Threatening

Speak in a calm, slow, and quiet manner.

 Signal a co-worker or supervisor that you need help (panic button, prearranged code words/signal).

Do not make any calls yourself.

Conflict Resolution: Threatening with a Gun, Knife or other Weapon

- Stay calm. Quietly signal for help.
- Maintain eye contact.
- Stall for time.
- Keep talking--but follow instructions from the person who has the weapon.
- Don't risk harm to yourself or others.
- Never try to grab a weapon.
- Watch for a possible chance to escape to a safe area.

Alameda County recognizes the importance of providing a safe work environment. In order to maintain a safe work environment, Alameda County prohibits all types of violent behavior as well as unauthorized possession of weapons at any County work site. Conduct which is prohibited includes, but is not limited to violence, threats of violence, intimidation, physical fighting, or unauthorized possession of weapons by employees.

WORKPLACE VIOLENCE PREVENTION POLICY

- What constitutes violence or threats of violence;
- Conduct that is prohibited;
- Warning signs of workplace violence;
- The importance of reporting workplace violence;
- Agency/Department responsibilities;
- Resources available in the event of a workplace violence crisis;
- How to respond to incidents of workplace violence and/or related behaviors
- Definitions

Prohibited Conduct

No direct threats of violence
No indirect threats of violence
No intimidation
No physical fighting
No unauthorized weapons

WPV Incident Response

- Secure the environment
- Provide first aid for any victims
- Call for help (911)
- Request paramedics & ambulance services, if needed
- Notify your Supervisor, Manager, Director or Safety Coordinator

Responsibilities: Employees

- Help ensure a safe, harassment-free work environment.
- Refrain from any acts or making any threats of violence.
- Report any threats or acts of violence to your supervisor/management representative or to the Safety Coordinator.

Responsibilities: Employees

Read and follow the County guidelines for implementing the Workplace Violence Prevention Policy and Contingency Plan.

 Contact the Hot Line Number if the Agency fails to respond to an act or threat of violence. (21018 or 510-208-1018)

Responsibilities: Managers/supervisors

DEPARTMENT ROLE MODEL

- Maintain safe, harassment-free work environment
- Take threats seriously, including "jokes"
- Take immediate action
- INCIDENT
 - Consider safety first
 - Gather information about the threat or incident, including co-worker, complaints, comments
 - Do not promise confidentiality
 - Contact WPV Rep/Safety Coordinator to develop action plan

Responsibilities: Managers/supervisors

MANAGING WORKPLACE THREATS

- Remove employee from work unit (as appropriate); if assistance is needed, contact Police or Sheriff.
- If able to de-escalate situation, meet with employee and seek their input, question intent.
- Contact Supervisor, Manager or Safety Coordinator to determine plan of action (e.g. fitness for duty).
- Contact EAP to provide support for workgroup if necessary.

Workplace Violence Prevention Policy

- Read the WPV Policy Violence or threats of violence will not be tolerated
- Notify your Supervisor, Manager, Director, Safety Coordinator or Hot Line Number if you:
 - Observe or hear direct or indirect threats of violence or intimidation
 - Observe unauthorized use or possession of weapons
 - Notice warning signs of Workplace Violence

Workplace Violence Prevention Policy

- In an actual incident of WPV:
 - Secure the area
 - Obtain medical aid for any victims
 - Dial 911
 - Request paramedics & ambulance services, if needed
 - Notify your Supervisor, Manager, Director or Safety Coordinator

QUESTIONS

Workplace Violence Training

Sign-in sheets
 Verification form
 Evaluation form

Thank you for your attention and participation in this training